

FATHER CASTLE'S VIEWS.

SOME EARLY ANNEXATIONIST SENTIMENTS.

Part of a Stirring Article Written For a New York Paper Twenty Years Ago.

By request the STAR makes a lengthy extract from the article which Father Castle wrote in 1873 for the New York Evangelist and which resulted in the native indignation rally which was recently told of in these columns. We quote:

"The Islands have doubtless been an object of desire in the past to France and perhaps to Great Britain; but it is hardly to be supposed that the British Government have ever sought the sovereignty of the Islands in itself considered, for opportunities have occurred when this end could have been attained without censure; but it certainly has preferred its own flag there to that of France and perhaps of the United States.

"Pretext has been found in debts due from natives, the uncertainty of the administration of justice between man and man, the defective land titles, &c., for pushing claims which might be fairly expected to result in the acquisition of sovereignty, but hitherto the Islands have maintained their independence. In times of danger Providence seems to have warded the blow and conducted to this result. It has been stated to the writer that Captain Laplace, in 1839, did not expect that the \$20,000 demanded by him could be raised, and that in failure thereof he would take possession as he had just done at Tahiti. Circumstances render this probable. Such is also believed to have been the intention of Captain Mallet in 1842. The occupation by the British in 1843 was to anticipate French occupation, which they believed from circumstances to have been determined upon as was stated by one of the British commissioners to the writer at the time. That occupation, however, having taken place, would have continued, as stated by Lord Aberdeen to Mr. Richards at the time, if the Admiral had not already restored the flag. And it is stated that the Admiral was moved to do this when he did, because Lord George did not send his dispatches to him as he should have done, but sent them directly to the foreign office. Complaints were made by some, years ago, of the American influence exercised by the American missionaries. Lord Aberdeen wrote to the British Commissioner that after inquiry he thought the missionaries had no influence which they had not legitimately earned and were justly entitled to.

"The Commissioner and Consul-General, once complaining to Mr. Wyllie—born a British subject—for entertaining the idea that the Islands would ultimately become a part of the United States, the latter said that American missionaries and commerce had done for the Islands everything that had been done; and if they passed to any foreign power, the United States ought to have them—not on this account only, but because of their relative position to the western coast of the United States; and he requested the Consul-General to write this, as his opinion, to Lord Clarendon, then the Foreign British Secretary. Lord Clarendon replied to this that Mr. Wyllie was right. Some British merchants and others at the Islands are known to hold the same views. These expressions by British officials and private parties, lead to the conclusion that, in itself considered, the British Government does not seek the acquisition of the island sovereignty; and it recognizes their position as affording them to the United States when their independence lapses, which it must in time, by the decadence of the native population, if for no other reason. The authenticity of these expressions by the British ministers may be doubted by some; but the dispatch of Lord Aberdeen was read to the writer by Consul General Miller, and the statement about Lord Clarendon was made to him by Mr. Wyllie. In regard to the nature of accounts against the Government, and between resident foreigners, he speaks from personal knowledge, having, at the request of Sir George Seymour, Admiral of the British squadron in the Pacific, Consul General Miller and the Hawaiian Government, in connection with Mr. Wyllie and the Danish Consul, acted as arbitrator in cases of both classes. In a conversation in 1853 with Prince Liholilo, afterwards Kamehameha IV., he stated to the writer that, as was the thought to him of the extinction of his own race, yet it seemed inevitable; and the annexation of the Islands to the United States was only a question of time. American missionaries have given the Islands the most of their literature, as well as first having introduced the Christian religion. American commerce and enterprise first gave life to the commerce and agricultural development of the Islands. Of existing sugar plantations, with a producing capacity of about 12,000 tons, three-fourths are owned and worked by Americans; and of the foreign population, the number of Americans bears about the same proportion to the whole. The record of contributions to the sanitary and Christian commissions, and the sad ones of the battle field during the late war, bear unmistakable testimony to the loyalty and love of country reigning in the hearts of Americans living in the Sandwich Islands. No community in the whole country probably contributed more money or men, in proportion to their number, for the suppression of the rebellion, than the Americans of the Sandwich Islands. In none, perhaps, is the love of country more deeply enshrined.

"It has been said by writers that the missionaries are opposed to annexation to the United States. They went out to labor for the Christianization and civilization of the people. They naturally thought that such a step would be followed by an influx of frontier border population, whose influence would be detrimental to their work; but the condition of things has changed. The certainty of the extinction of the Hawaiian race at an early day has become to their minds a fixed fact; and to no other country do they desire union but to the United States, the land they most love. Besides, every civil and political right, which, before the war, would have been reluctantly yielded, perhaps, would now be freely accorded. Either as a state or territory of the United States, the Hawaiian Islands would be permitted, under the Constitution (nothing being done contrary thereto), to regulate their own internal affairs. The increased stimulus to industry, under the new order of things, would do more to arrest the depopulation (if it can be done) than anything else could do. With the assent of the people to the measure, there can be no doubt but that the consummation of the union of the Islands to the States would meet the cordial, hearty approval of every American missionary. He would look upon it as promotive of the best welfare of the native, as well as of the future island population, foreign and native.

"Americans, loyal still in their love to their country, have nurtured and carried Hawaii in their arms. Whilst faithful to the latter their hearts have ever been with unabated affection to their loved native land. Americans have always predominated in the chief places of trust. The Chancellors and Chief Justices have both been Americans. Two of the Associate Justices are and have been Americans; all of the Attorney Generals have been Americans. The majority of the cabinet officers have been Americans; so a majority of the foreign Privy Councilors of State have been Americans. The Collectors General, the Marshals, and the five filling other positions, have been Americans. Not that the Americans are better than other nationalities, but they brought to the people the Christian religion, civilization, commerce and arts; they were the first in the field, they predominate in numbers, and it is proper they should do so in influence—in the councils of the nation. Full three-fourths of all the vessels arriving and departing, as well as the exports and imports, are from the United States. The amounts exported to and imported from the United States are about equal.

"The Islands need the agricultural and manufactured products of the United States, as do the United States those of the Islands. Annexation or reciprocity would greatly stimulate the demands of both countries—would increase the supply for their mutual benefit.

"The fertile soil, the delicious and salubrious tropical climate, the strategic position in case of war (which is to be hoped may never come) and the already Americanized condition of the Islands render their complete union to the United States desirable. The way to accomplish it in the most satisfactory manner to all parties, and at the same time for the substantial benefit of all, remains to be discussed.

"The writer suggests, as the first step, a treaty of reciprocity, with the grant from the king to the United States of a good naval station, and an article in the treaty authorizing the United States, in case of war, to take possession, if need be, for the time being, of all harbors and ports, in which a hostile armament could be fitted out, and finally, upon any vacancy occurring in the throne, the United States to take full possession, the Islands to become, in such an event, an integral part of the United States. Some such arrangement the writer believes would be for the interest of all parties, making provision for the present and future. It would bind the Islands still more closely to the States, and the natives of the Islands would gradually come to cling to the sturdy oak around which it entwines itself, and the discovered lands would gradually and unconsciously grow into one in all their interests and feelings. And now seems to be the best time to move in this matter. Some such plan as the above has, I think, the approbation of the American Minister and of the military and naval authorities on the ground at Honolulu.

"P. S.—I beg to add a word in reference to the late King Kamehameha V. I have been surprised since my arrival in the country to hear him spoken of by men of prominence as in the habit of drinking to intoxication, and have been told on inquiry that such was the prevalent idea. This is a mistake. When young he indulged in the cup, and sometimes to intoxication; but some years before he ascended the throne he suffered from severe illness brought on partly from these habits, and he was then warned by his medical attendants that if he would live he must break off drinking, and he did. If he drank at all thereafter it was sparingly, and never to intoxication. In this respect at least all good men will be glad to have his successor follow his example, which is his undoubted purpose, and in which they will bid him God speed."

Decoration Day.

Decoration Day will be appropriately observed next Tuesday by the Grand Army of the Republic. Hon. W. R. Castle will deliver the oration for the Grand Army, and the National Militia is expected to turn out in parade.

The Baron Will Sail.

Baron De Tuyl, who has been stopping in this city for some weeks, leaves on the Gaelic, sailing Monday next to San Francisco. He is seriously ill and fears are entertained that he may not survive the voyage.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

Company A drills to-night.

Rain up the Nuuanu valley.

Four ocean steamers are due next week.

The Mechanics' Benefit Union will disincorporate.

Electric lights have been put in the Custom House.

To-day was to have been, or is to be, "Restoration" day.

Four Honolulu brides will leave on the next Australia.

Music at Maake Island to-night by the Hawaiian band.

The Boston will leave in about a week for target practice.

Four hula girls and two musicians left for the States yesterday.

Liberty entertainment to-night; the tableaux will begin early.

The cricket match yesterday was won by the eleven from the Hyacinth.

Admiral Skerrett and staff made an official call yesterday on Minister Wade.

The dredger is laid up for a day or two for repairs and a general overhauling.

Lieutenant Lucien Young is preparing an illustrated book on artillery drill regulations.

The Miowera will not be due until June 1, the original schedule having been changed.

On account of its being a holiday yesterday, no meeting of the Board of Health was held.

A bay horse, one white foot and brand "O" on neck, has strayed. A notice appears elsewhere.

Two sprinkling cart drivers had a rough and tumble fight on the streets yesterday just before the Australia left.

It is reported as a fact that Stone, the escaped prison convict, went away on the Rithet, which sailed for San Francisco last Tuesday.

The ladies in charge of the Masonic furnishing fund will give a series of lunches at the old Arlington dining rooms, beginning June 4th.

To-morrow James F. Morgan will sell at auction the Palace Ice Cream Parlors, with the good will of the business. This is a good chance for an enterprising man.

The tableaux vivants to be given at the Opera House this evening in behalf of the library are the talk of the town. The entertainment will begin promptly at 7:30.

Rev. A. Pali the old pastor of the native Protestant church at Lahaina has been voted out by a majority of his congregation on the ground that he signed an annexation roll. Mr. Pali will carry his case up.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

August Herring Will Be Sentenced To-morrow.

Before Judge Whiting in the Circuit Court to-day in the matter of the estate of Joseph Wainui Pili (K), deceased, Kaleka Kalihou was appointed administratrix upon filing bond for \$800.

In the case of the Government vs. Ah Loy, a Chinaman, for housebreaking on the premises of Lum On, in Judge Cooper's court, the celestial made a successful defence and got clear this morning.

The term of court is coming to a close and Saturday will be the last day. Nevertheless, there was no court this afternoon, although there are plenty of undried criminal and civil cases yet on the docket.

To-morrow morning at 9:30 is set for the sentence of August Herring, who was convicted of manslaughter last Thursday.

THE POLICE COURT.

Matters and Things Among the Under Four Hundred.

Before Judge Foster to-day appeared one sole and solitary criminal for trial—Palikapa, for maliciously destroying some of Luther Wilcox's taro out at Kailahi. Palikapa pleaded to the satisfaction of the Judge that Luther's pakes had been trying to hog things generally out at Kailahi, and with a gentle reprimand Palikapa was let go.

Halo and Nalau, the truant school-boys, were also reprimanded and discharged.

Ah Long and Ah Wah, for hitting the dope on Maunakea, are out on bonds, after being arrested last night by Patrolman Kaapa.

John Burke hit a Chinaman, Ah Kim, at Bay View, and lies in Hitchcock's cooler, charged with assault and battery.

Correcting the Text.

EDITOR STAR.—Unintentionally your report of my remarks on Tuesday evening makes me say: "He (Mr. Nordhoff) said in 1875 that he wanted us, but now he didn't want us on account of our dense population!" What I actually said was: "He (Mr. Nordhoff) said in 1875 that it would be unwise to annex Hawaii, or San Domingo, or Hawaii on account of the dense population in these lands."

This correction is essential to the point I was making that Mr. Nordhoff's principles were all right, but that he was "way off" in their application so far as Hawaii was concerned. Yours sincerely, WM. B. OLSON.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NATIVE FANS AND ISLAND CURIOS IN GREAT VARIETY AT THE ELITE ICE CREAM PARLORS.

OLD GLORY IN RAGS.

Dr. McGrew's Big Flag Torn to Shreds Last Night.

At twenty minutes to twelve last night the big sixteen-foot American flag that hung in front of Dr. J. S. McGrew's house on Hotel street was torn from the pole to which it was suspended between two large palms, ripped almost to shreds and carried across Hotel street and up Union street where it was hung on Douglas Messersmith's fence.

As yet the miscreants have not been apprehended. That there were two of them, and that the one who did the most work was a smooth faced young chap in a soft felt hat, has been definitely ascertained. This is from the evidence of a fireman who saw the parties after they did the mischief passing in front of No. 2 engine house.

Mrs. McGrew heard the voices of men about the time the firemen said they saw the two deprecaters pass the engine house, but she feared to awaken the Doctor, as she did not want him to use the rifles or the shotgun that he keeps ready loaded and close at hand.

There was one arrest, a boarder at Mrs. Cowes house on Hotel street, but as the man proved an *alibi* he was liberated.

The Doctor is at a loss to know who has done this dastardly trick and does not ascribe it to political motives.

FOR THE LIBRARY.

Tableaux Vivants and Music at the Opera House.

A series of historic, artistic and dramatic tableaux vivants prepared by ladies and gentlemen of Honolulu, will be given at the Opera House on Thursday evening, May 25th, at half-past 7 o'clock, for the benefit of the Honolulu Library and Reading Room Association.

The following programme will be rendered:

A Picture Gallery.
Song—"The Carnival".....Molloy
Mr. Manning.
The New York Newsboys' Chorus.....Quintette Band.
Clopatria and Her Maids.
Quintette—"Sweet and Low".....Barnly
Mrs. Tenny, Miss von Holt, Mr. Manning and Dr. South.
Madonna (Bodenhauser).
Duet—"See The Pale Moon".....Mrs. Pay and Mr. Booth.
In Love—The Peacemaker.....Quintette Band.
The Maid of Saragossa.
Duet—"Come May With All Thy Flowers".....Miss Dale and Mr. Wakefield.
Auld Robin Gray.
Duet—Serenade from "Cox and Box".....Mr. Manning and Dr. South.
Columbia at the Court of Isabella.
Song—"Lieb Sigher".....Meyerbeer
Miss Dale.
Pygmalion and Galatea.....Quintette Band.

Tickets are now on sale at L. J. Levey's at the usual prices. 49 ct

PATRIOTIC SONS.

Proposal to Found a Branch of the Order Here.

The following letter has been sent to the headquarters of the National Camp of the Patriotic Sons of America, at Bangor, Maine, by a well known Honolulu:

"BRETHREN, GREETING—For the purpose of more firmly binding together the Americans of these Islands, and to preserve the fire of patriotism intact in their hearts, it has been deemed advisable to organize a Camp of the Patriotic Order of Sons of America, and I am directed to write to you for the purpose of obtaining the necessary information as to what is requisite for the immediate formation of said Camp; that is, charter fees, forms, authorization, etc.

The undersigned is an ex-member of the organization, having been President of Camp No. 9 of San Francisco, and a member of the State Camp of California, in 1883.

"Hoping you will give this your immediate attention, and the hand of fellowship will be extended from the shores of Maine to those of Hawaii, the proposed new star in the constellation, I remain yours fraternally,

"F. B. MCSTOCKER."

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Intrinsic Merit Has Given

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Success Unapproached
Sales Unprecedented
CURES Unequaled

Is Not This Evidence of What It Has Done for Others Sufficient to Inspire Confidence that

It Will CURE YOU

Hobron, Newman & Co.

WHOLESALE AGENTS,

Corner Fort and King Streets.

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

THE LEHUA AND KAALA ARRIVE WITH SUGAR.

The Transit Goes To-morrow The barks Albert and Castle Loading—Other Sea Items.

The bark Lamorna is now a month overdue from Newcastle with coal for this port. The consignees have abandoned her and no doubt action will soon be taken by the underwriters for the recovery of her insurance. The pilots here think the Lamorna is on some of the hidden reefs or shoals of the South Seas.

The barkentine S. N. Castle will be ready to leave for San Francisco about Tuesday next. She is loading sugar at Oceanic wharf.

The bark C. D. Bryant is receiving the cargo of the schooner Liholilo at the Kinau wharf.

The steamer Pele took 200 tons coal to Makaweli Plantation to-day.

THURSDAY, MAY 25.

DIAMOND HEAD, 3:30 P. M.—Weather clear. Wind light N. E.

ARRIVALS.

THURSDAY, May 25.

Stm C.R. Bishop, Le Claire, from Waianae and Kailahi.

Schr Liholilo, Berry, from Hanalei.

Stm Kaala, Kahana, from Kailahi.

Schr Kailahi, from Kailahi.

Stm Lehua, Weisbarth, from Hanalei.

DEPARTURES.

THURSDAY, May 25.

Stm Pele, Peterson, for Makaweli.

Stm C.R. Bishop, Le Claire, for Lahaina.

Stm W. G. Hall, Simerson, for Maui and Hawaii at 10 a.m.

Am schr Transit, Jorgensen, for San Francisco at 2 p.m.

Imports and Consignees.

Ex O.R. & L. Co. 901 bags sugar for Castle & Cooke and Ewa Plantation.

Ex C.R. Bishop, 2465 bags sugar for W.G. Irwin & Co. and Waianae Plantation.

Ex Liholilo, 1852 bags sugar for Hackfeld & Co. and Hanalei Plantation.

Ex Kailahi, 800 bags rice and 100 bags paddy for Sing Chong and Kaalea Plantation.

Ex Kaala, 205 bags sugar for M.S. Grinnell & Co. and Kahalo Plantation.

Ex Lehua, 300 bags sugar for T.H. Davies & Co. and Lanipohia Plantation, 25 cattle for Metropolitan Meat Co.

Exports and Consignors.

Per Australia, 9829 bags sugar, 1,228,025 pounds by W.G. Irwin & Co. 2000 bags rice by Sing Chong & Co. 737 bchns bananas by Jno de Silva, 844 bchns bananas by L.J. Levy, 150 bchns bananas by W.O. Key, 576 bchns pineapples by J. Shaw, 258 boxes of 5844 pineapples by Class Wilcox, 1658 bchns bananas by Geo. Lucergus, 64 bchns bananas by W. Costa, 192 bchns bananas by Y. Lum Sing, 2600 bchns bananas by Campbell, Marshall & Co. Foreign value, \$3640; value, \$71,169.

VESSELS IN PORT.

NAVAL VESSELS.

U.S.S. Boston, Day, Hilo.

U.S.S. Adams, Nelson, San Francisco.

H.M.S. Hyacinthe, May, Esquimaux.

MERCHANTMEN.

Bk. Gainsborough, McPhail, Newcastle.

Am Msk Moring Star, Garland, Kailahi.

Bk. Sch Norma, Macquarrie, Yokohama.

Bk. Sch Greta, Garland, Newcastle.

Am bk C. D. Bryant, San Francisco.

Am bk S. N. Castle, Holland, San Fran.

Am bk King Cyrus, Christenson, Newcastle.

Am schr Lyman D. Foster, Dryer, Newcastle.

Bk. Amy Turner, Pendleton, New York.

Am bk Albert, Windling, San Francisco.

Am bk M. Mathila, Svenson, Department Bay.

Am schr Transit, Jorgensen, San Francisco.

Am brig W.G. Irwin, Williams, San Fran.

FOREIGN VESSELS EXPECTED.

Bk. Lamorna, Newcastle, Overdue.

Fr. grt. Duchoffault, San Fran, Overdue.

Am bk Harvester, San F. (Hilo), Overdue.

Am bk Mary Winkelman, San Fran., Overdue.

Am bk (Victoria), Overdue.

Alameda (to San Fran), June 1.

Monowai (to Colonies), June 1.

Am bk S.C. Allen, San Fran., June 1.

Am schr J.G. North, S.F. (Maui), June 3.

Am grt. Lorline, San Fran. (Hilo), June 3.

Am bk Discovery, San Fran., June 3.

Am bk Consuelo, San Fran. (Kah), June 10.

Am bk Alden Besse, San F. (Kah), June 10.

Am bkline Imager, San Fran., June 10.

Am schr Alice Cooke, San Fran., June 15.

Sing Msk. Mary, Yokohama, June 18.

Am bk Forest Queen, S.F. (Kah), July 20.

Am schr Geniala, Eureka, July 20.

Ger. bk G.N. Wilcox, Liverpool, July 9.

Am schr R.L. Lewers, Papea, July 15.

Fr. bk Laidstock, Liverpool, July 25.

Ger. bk J.C. Flager, Bremen, Oct. 15.

Ger. bk Paul Isenberg, Liverpool, Nov. 15.

Am bk Martha Davis, Boston, Dec. 5.

General Advertisements.

CHILDREN AND INFANTS' Hats and Bonnets.

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CHILDREN'S CAMBRIC HATS, all colors, 60 cents and upwards; Lace-trimmed MULL HATS, in delicate shades, from \$1.75 upwards.

CHILDREN'S SILK HATS, POKES and BONNETS. CHILDREN'S LACE HATS and LEGHORN FLATS. INFANTS' LACE BONNETS, Infants' Muslin BONNETS from 50 cents and upwards. SUN BONNETS in great variety at 25 cents and upwards.

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MRS. LACK'S. LAST CHANCE! MRS. LACK'S

The Entire Stock of SPORTING GOODS, SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES, FANCY GOODS ARTICLES, and GUNSMITH'S TOOLS, KEYS, Etc., Etc., Are now going for a song, and it will pay you to call and ask OUR PRICES.

POLISHING MACHINE, ICE MACHINE, and many other articles.

Mrs. Lack's. 413 Fort Street, Mrs. Lack's.

STRAYED OAHU RAILWAY & LAND CO.'S TIME TABLE.

A BAY HORSE, One white foot, brand "O" on the neck. Return to ENTERPRISE DAIRY, Or, ring up 511 on the Mutual.

ARTIST.

MRS. TUCKER'S Class of Sketchers in Water Color meets Tuesday and Saturday, 9 a.m. Any wishing to join the class, can apply Monday p.m. at Mr. W.